

Dangerous Decibels[®]: Community and workplace partnerships

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Improving Worker Safety and Health among
American Indians/Alaska Natives:

Partnership Workshop

August 17-18, 2015

Aurora, CO

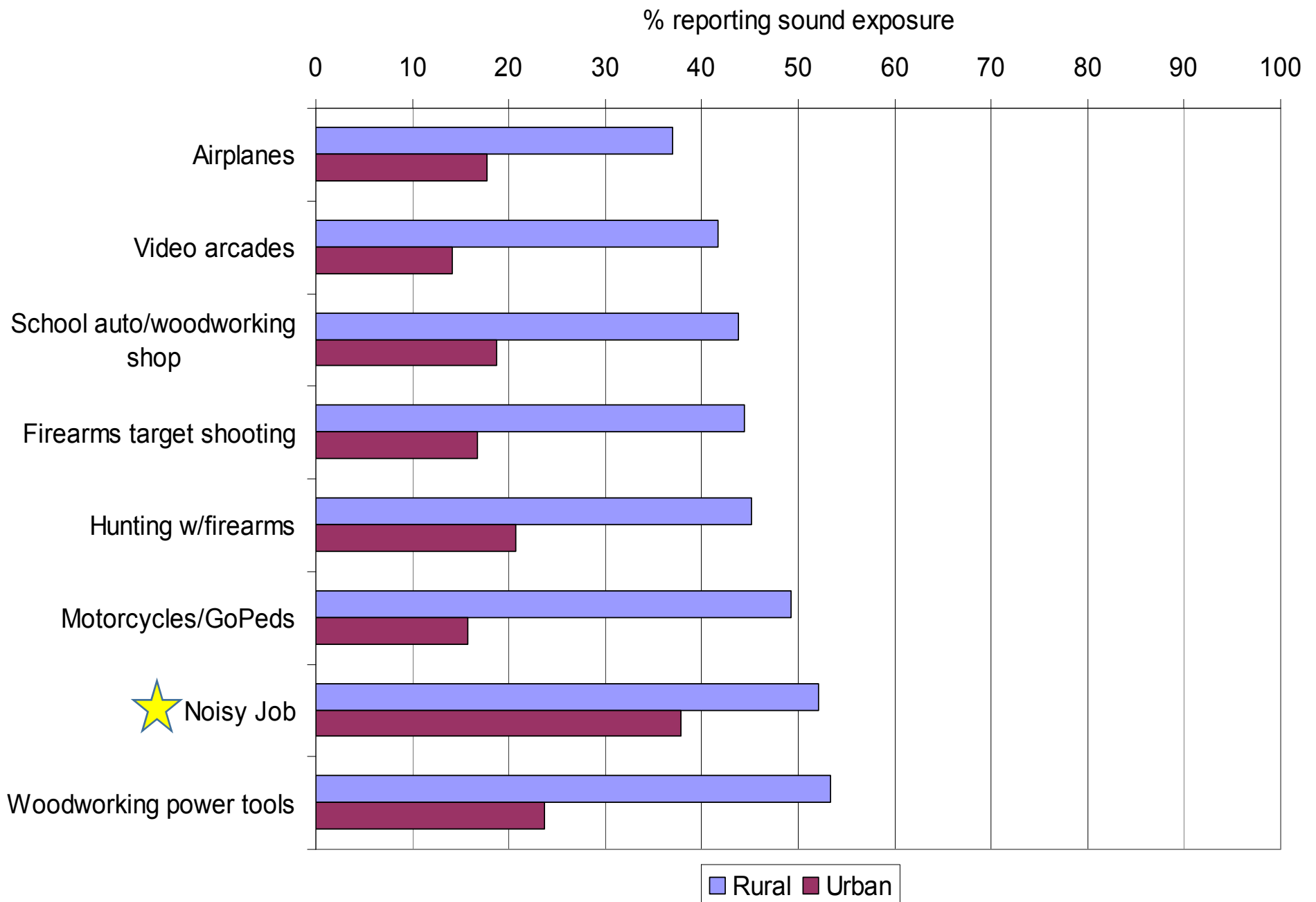
Hearing loss in AI/AN populations

	A little trouble hearing	Deaf or a lot of trouble hearing	Total with problems hearing
Hispanic	3.4	2	5.4
White	14.5	3.7	18.2
Black	8.4	1.4	9.8
AI/AN	17.4	7.1	24.5
Asian	8.6	2.9	11.5

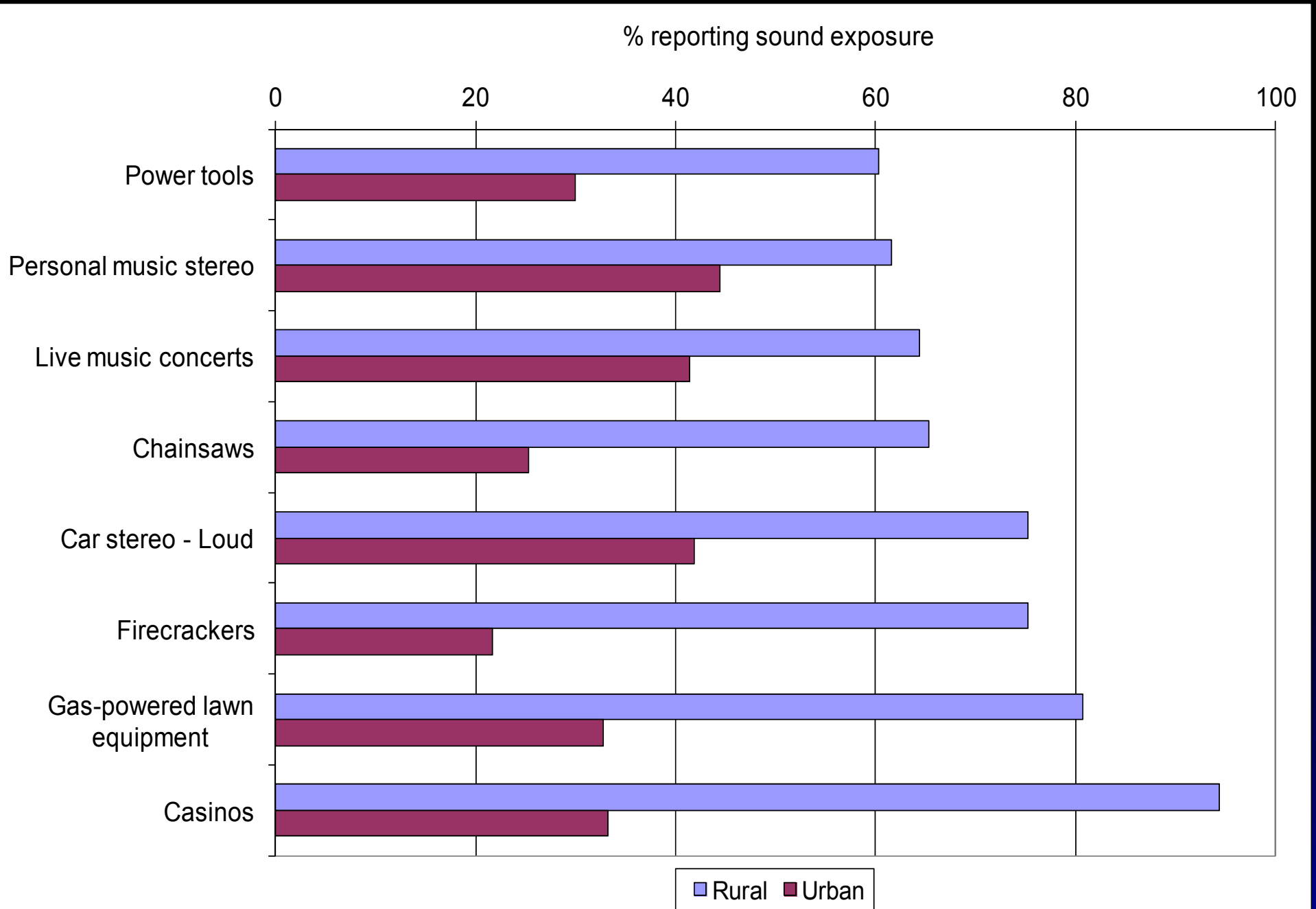
% reporting hearing difficulties

WHY?

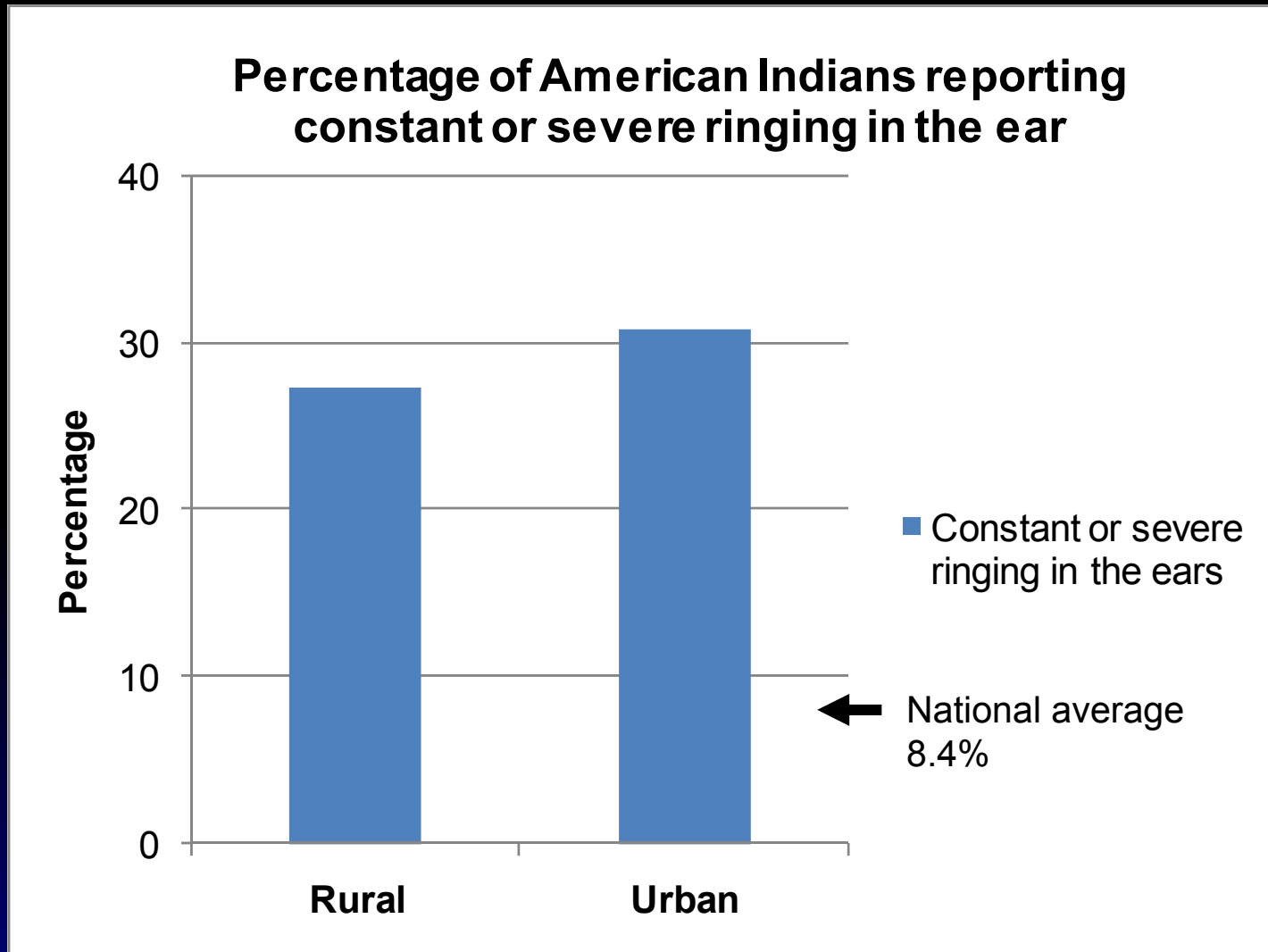
AI/AN reported sound exposures



AI/AN reported sound exposures



Tinnitus in AI/AN populations



Exposures to hazardous sound levels
are likely to be significant
contributors to hearing loss in
American Indians

It can be prevented

Dangerous Decibels®

EVIDENCE BASED PROGRAM

To reduce the incidence
of noise induced hearing loss
and tinnitus

To reduce the incidence
of noise induced hearing loss
and tinnitus

HOW?

By changing
knowledge, attitudes, and behaviors
about sound exposure

Partners in public health



Bringing
education
to life.

UNIVERSITY of
NORTHERN COLORADO



Dangerous Decibels: Recognition



2013 NIOSH
Safe-in-Sound Award
for Innovation

Dangerous Decibels: Support

1999-2013 Private foundation grants (9)

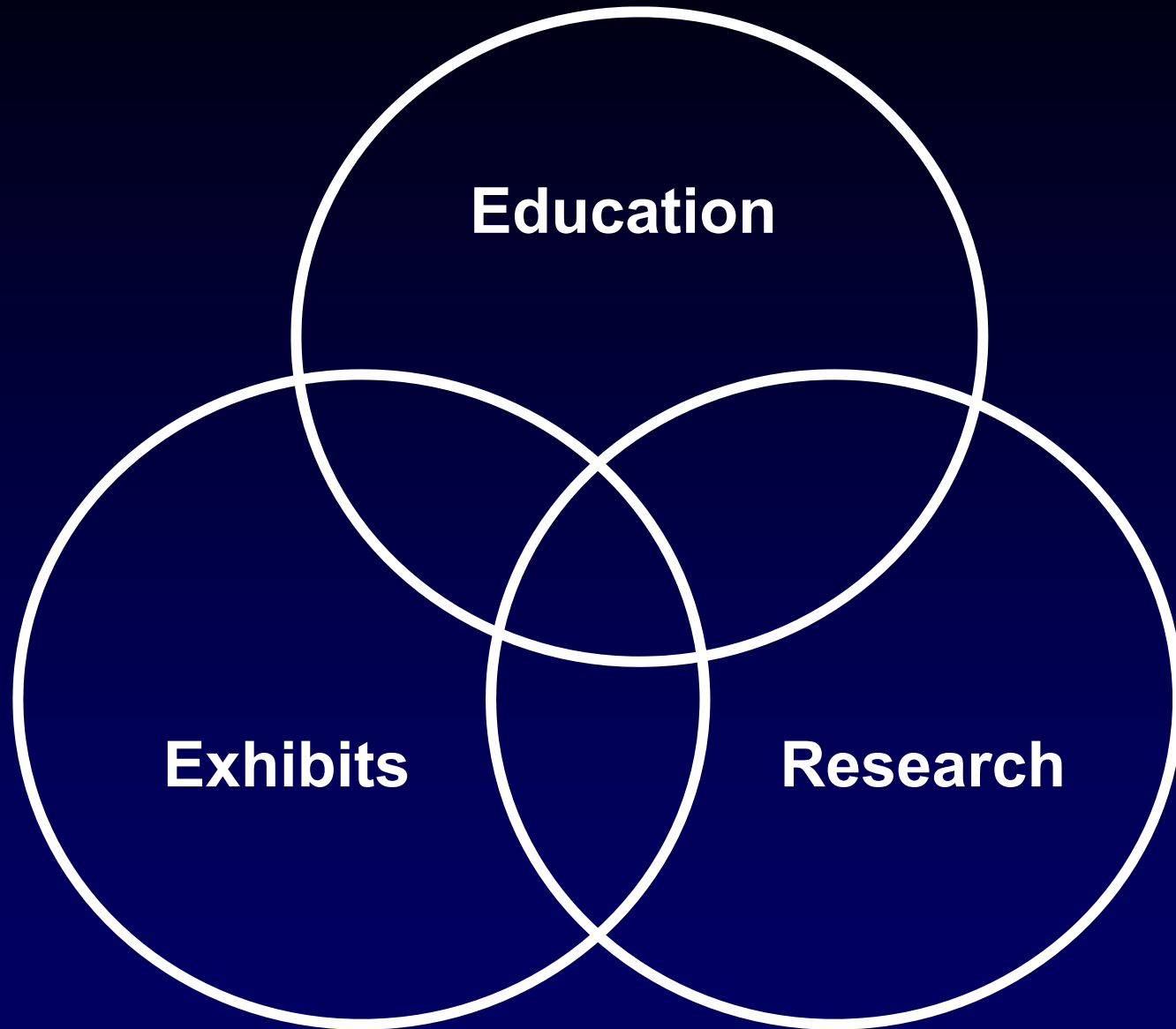
2000 NIH R25 RR15634

2003 NIH R25 DC006431-01

2006 CDC R13 OH008567-01

2006 NIH R21 DC008077-01

2009 CDC U48 DP000024-02



Education

Exhibits

Research

Common underlying educational messages

- What are sources of dangerous sounds?
- What are consequences of exposure to dangerous sounds?
- How do I protect myself from dangerous sounds?

Teaching method: Inquiry-based learning

“Tell me and I forget,
show me and I remember,
involve me and I understand.”

Banchi, H. & Bell, R. The Many Levels of Inquiry.
Science and Children, 46(2), 26-29, 2008

Educate early

Dangerous Decibels[®] Activities

- OMSI exhibition
- OMSI Science Festivals at county fairs
- K-12 classroom programs
- Online Virtual Exhibit
- Website information
- Educator training
- Public health research
- Jolene

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Dangerous Decibels®



- First exhibition in the world dedicated to reducing noise induced hearing loss and tinnitus
- 12 exhibit components - 2000 ft² / 186 m²
- Open June 1, 2002 to May 5, 2011
- Over 5,000,000 visitors



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Dangerous Decibels™

How Do We Hear?

1. The PINNA collects sound waves and directs them through the EAR CANAL to the EARDRUM.
2. The EARDRUM vibrates with sound, causing the three tiny bones (the malleus, incus, and stapes) known as the OSSICLES to move.
3. This movement carries the sound vibrations to the snail-shaped hearing part of the inner ear called the COCHLEA.
4. These vibrations cause fluid in the COCHLEA to move tiny HAIR CELLS, which then produce electrical impulses.
5. Finally, the impulses are carried to the brain along the AUDITORY NERVE where they are recognized as sound.

Very loud sounds can destroy hair cells and cause hearing loss.
Three ways you can prevent noise related hearing loss:

www.danger@sdecibels.org

How Loud is TOO Loud?

Quieter Than A Mouse
The volume of a sound is measured in decibels (dB). The average human ear can hear sounds down to 0 dB about the level of rustling leaves. Like a thermometer scale, the decibel scale goes below zero. People with very good hearing can hear sounds down to -15 dB.

Timing is Everything
If a sound reaches 95 dB or stronger, it can cause permanent damage to your hearing. The amount of time you listen to the sound is also important. The quieter the sound, the longer you can listen to it safely. Cause hearing damage, but sounds measuring for about eight hours to cause damage.

Everyday Noise
Most people come into contact with dangerous decibels every day, sometimes even in their own homes. If a sound seems loud or causes pain, it probably can damage your hearing.

Turn the handle. Try to guess what level that sound is. The higher or time you can listen to it safely.

What Decibel level is dangerous or not? The higher the decibel level, the more dangerous the sound is.

How many decibels?

How long can you listen to the sound before your hearing is damaged?

Save Your Ears

Dangerous Decibels

Most of us experience loud sounds throughout our day. Some sounds are safe to listen to. Some sounds are dangerous because they can destroy cells in our ear and this can cause hearing loss. But we can do something to stop this from happening.

When we hear a very loud sound, we can:
Turn it down,
Move away from it, or
Protect our ears with ear plugs or special ear muffs.

Try this!
For each of the sounds shown here, guess which is the best way to protect your hearing. The three ways to protect your hearing are shown in the middle - choose one for each of the sounds.
Slide the handle on the sound picture to show the best way to protect your hearing. Did you guess the right answer?

www.danger@sdecibels.org

Protect Your Ears

Walk Away

Do Nothing

250,000 visitors/year



Dangerous Decibels[®] Activities

- OMSI exhibition
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Strategies to Protect Young Ears



Classroom Program

- Measuring sound pressure at different distances
- Classifying safe and dangerous sounds
- Modeling hair bundle damage from sound exposure
- Gaining confidence in the use of hearing protection

Self-Efficacy

Self-efficacy – The likelihood of someone using a protective strategy is directly related to their self-confidence with that strategy.

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- Website information
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Virtual Exhibit



WHAT'S THAT SOUND?



HOW DO WE HEAR?



HOW LOUD IS TOO LOUD?



WHAT IS SOUND?



SAVE YOUR EARS



MEASURING SOUND



ROCK YOUR WORLD



WHADDA YA KNOW



▶ PLAY WITH HEARING LOSS

▶ PLAYING

CONTINUE ▶

Hearing loss can make it hard to identify even everyday sounds. In this game you will match sounds with pictures of different sound sources. Sound easy? Play What's That Sound and find out!

SCORE

0

Click any tile
to find out
How Loud
Too Loud

Average Rock Concert



Do you think
listening to this
sound is safe?

YES Listening to this
sound is safe.

NO Listening could
damage hearing

← PREVIOUS
ACTIVITY

RETURN TO VIRTUAL
EXHIBIT INDEX ↻

NEXT
ACTIVITY →

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- OMSI exhibition
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Protecting Your Hearing »

Noise-induced hearing loss can be prevented!

Learn about the three things you can do to protect your hearing from damaging noises.

[Home](#) [Safe In Sound](#) [JOLENE](#) [News](#) [About Us](#) [Education](#) [Exhibits](#) [Research](#) [Contact](#)

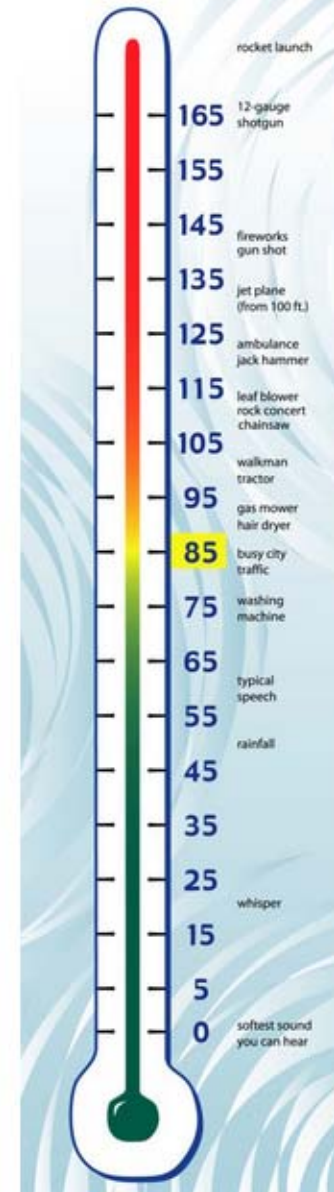
Decibel Exposure Time Guidelines

How loud is too loud?

Exposure Time Guidelines

Accepted standards for recommended permissible exposure time for continuous time weighted average noise, according to [NIOSH](#) and [CDC, 2002](#). For every 3 dBAs over 85dBA, the permissible exposure time before possible damage can occur is cut in half.

Continuous dB	Permissible Exposure Time
85 dB	8 Hours
88 dB	4 hours
91 dB	2 hours
94 dB	1 hour
97 dB	30 minutes
100 dB	15 minutes
103 dB	7.5 minutes
106 dB	3.75 minutes (< 4 min)
109 dB	1.875 minutes (< 2 min)
112 dB	.9375 min (~ 1 min)
115 dB	.46875 min (~ 30 sec)



The Noise Navigator®: a database of over 1700 noise sources.

Developed by Elliott Berger, MS, Senior Scientist with 3M Occupational Health and Environmental Safety Division.

- Noise Navigator Spreadsheet - http://www.e-a-r.com/pdf/hearingcons/Noise_Nav.xls
– see the tabs at the bottom of the page to find sound levels for settings: occupational, non-occupational, military, aircraft, etc.
- E.A.R. Hearing Conservation FAQs - http://www.e-a-r.com/hearingconservation/faq_main.cfm (Visit this link for a list of interesting articles and graphics.)

(See item 2 on this list of interesting articles and graphics.)

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Educator Training Workshops: Who attends?



Museum educators

High school students

Undergrad and grad students

Audiologists – Speech Pathologists

School nurses

Basic scientists

Physicians

Administrators

Industrial hygienists

School teachers

Corporate staff

School hearing screening techs

Public and community health

Spokane 2015 Indian Health Services

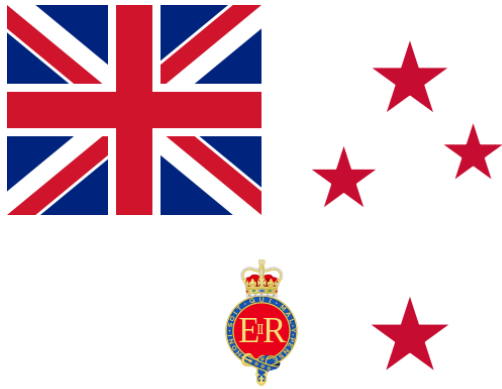




4 individuals from the NZDF attended training in November 2011



March 5, 2012 – Training began



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Research activities

- Outcomes evaluations
- NIHL in the public
- Health communication strategy effectiveness



Communities As Change Agents



It is not only important to educate,
and offer hearing protection skills,
It is important to change the local culture,
to change the social norm in the community

Dangerous Decibels can be applied to a variety of communities

- Schools
- Workplaces
- Military Services
- Hunting Groups
- Farming Collectives
- Clubs
- Musicians Groups
- And so many more

Dangerous Decibels has been working in
several tribal communities
- to change the local social norms around
hearing loss prevention





Tribal Community

OHSU Center for Healthy Communities has a 5 year, CDC funded, research grant

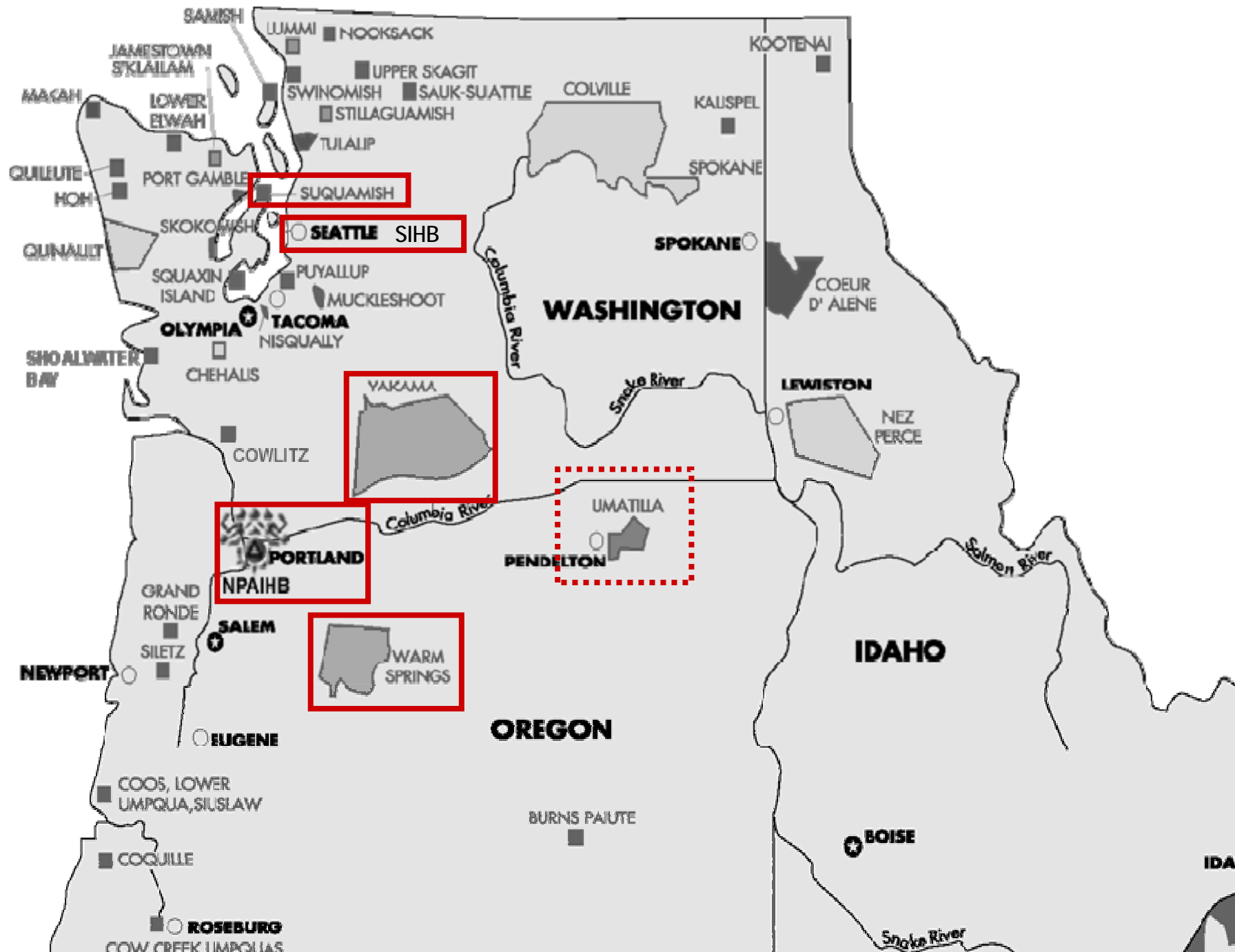
- To evaluate the effectiveness of hearing health promotion interventions in 3 tribal communities in the Pacific Northwest
- And to ensure that it is self-sustaining

Native American tribes have:

- Strong community ties and family links
- Live close to each other
- Common media venues
- Strong Elders influence
- Common cultural values
- Common noise exposures

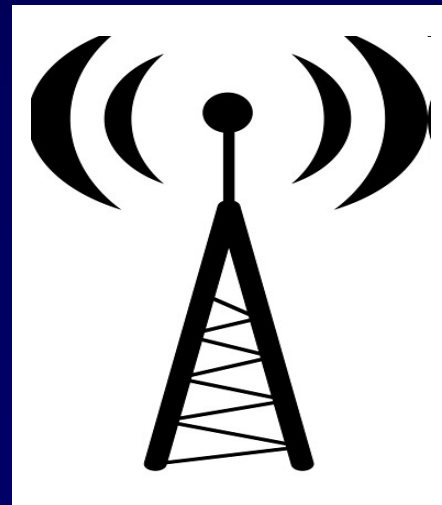
We partnered with each Tribe

1. Established a connection to each community
2. Presented to tribal leadership, for go-ahead
3. Met with interested community members to advise us on program strategy



Local Media was approached

- To publish hearing health related articles and interviews:
- For print, broadcast, and online sites
- To try to set the agenda in the community



Stories in the local newspaper

Oct. 20 event will show off Listen for Life skills

PENDLETON - The Listen for Life campaign is coming to the Reservation in October. They will be teaming up with the tribal community to help prevent hearing loss and tinnitus associated with exposure to loud sounds. Program leaders will present a hands-on program called Dangerous Decibels to fourth and fifth grade students at Washington and McKay elementary schools in mid-October. Students will learn about protecting their hearing and have fun. Then on Oct. 20 they will demonstrate their new skills at a large community gathering in the Longhouse. The entire tribal community is invited to join the fun and enjoy dinner.



Sol Van Pelt

Hearing loss and tinnitus can occur at any age. Teaching kids skills to protect their hearing that they can use throughout their lives will offer them the best chance to be able to "Listen for Life." Many tribal members on the Reservation believe that loud sounds are affecting their hearing.

Sol VanPelt, age 22, has yet to experience the effects of noise-induced hearing loss but he suspects certain members of his family are starting to. He notices it mostly in older members of his family, especially when he is talking to his Dad. VanPelt said he never gave much thought to protecting his hearing or the possibility of living with permanent hearing damage, and he said he regularly engaged in loud activities without hearing protection, such as hunting, and using power tools. VanPelt says kids his age do not wear a lot of hearing protection, and they "don't think about the future."

Even though "kids around here are stubborn sometimes," Van Pelt thinks that with the right teaching approach



Bette McLean

some kids will change their listening behavior. He believes that the Listen for Life Program will be beneficial to younger kids in the community. He thinks that the younger the audience the larger the impact because kids are starting to get ipods and other electronics at earlier and earlier ages.

Bette McLean is a member of the Tribal Health Commission. McLean and her husband both have permanent hearing

damage. She suffered with a hearing condition for years without knowing its name, a form of damage that can be described as ringing or a buzzing in the ear.

"Then I read something about tinnitus," she explained, and she knew right away that this was her problem.

McLean worries about kids' hearing. McLean says it is important to teach younger kids about hearing loss and hearing loss prevention, before they "have the ipods like their older brothers and sisters have," and before they are "driving with their car stereos cranked up."

McLean believes that the Listen for Life program will be a success in the schools because fourth and fifth grade kids are at an impressionable age.

"They are so enthusiastic about things. They will go home and tell folks, 'look what I learned!'" She hopes that if kids in the community learn about hearing loss prevention early that they will be able to avoid permanent hearing loss in the future.

Public Service Ads in the Local newspaper



Listen for Life



Did you know that listening to a really loud sound (such as a rifle shot) can do permanent damage to your hearing...instantly?



Sponsored by the CDC-funded Oregon Research Center, the Center for Health Communities at Oregon Health & Science University

Flyers and posters

- We created flyers with info for distribution in the community
- And posters at the local market, clinic, Tribal offices and community center

HEAR THE VOICE OF YOUR ELDERS

HEAR THE SOUNDS OF MOTHER EARTH

HEAR THE BEAT OF A DRUM



LISTEN FOR LIFE

THURSDAY,
OCTOBER 14
WARM SPRINGS
COMMUNITY
WELLNESS
CENTER

Join us on Thursday, October 14,
5:30-7:30 pm,
for the Listen for Life gathering

Enjoy a FREE dinner, have fun,
and learn about three easy ways to
protect your hearing.



Sponsored by the CDC-funded Prevention Research Center, the Center for Health Communities at Oregon Health & Science University

Community Radio Broadcasts

KWSO PROGRAM GUIDE

TIME	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	TIME
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- PSAs addressed NIHL facts, included expert quotes, and event dates
- Interviews with experts



The Tribal Website

- Event calendar
- News articles
- Multimedia video featuring local community members speaking about hearing loss issues



Video Media

- Warm Springs:
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Gbz2toohmdl>
- NAYA:
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=z8wsrfqQVL0>
- Umatilla:
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JSODR8FyJ0s>

Target audience

The Dangerous Decibels classroom program was presented to all 4th and 5th grade students



We invited the entire tribal community to an evening event

- To watch the students present hearing loss prevention messages to the community and their parents
- To appeal to the parents, families and elders, to support behavioral changes in kids
- To help set the community agenda

Booster: virtual exhibit lab

The Dangerous Decibels program students explored the Dangerous Decibels Virtual Exhibit in the school computer lab

OMSI OHSU

Dangerous Decibels

Virtual Exhibit

- WHAT'S THAT SOUND?
- HOW DO WE HEAR?
- HOW LOUD IS TOO LOUD?
- WHAT IS SOUND?
- SAVE YOUR EARS
- MEASURING SOUND
- ROCK YOUR WORLD
- WHADDA YA KNOW

PLAY WITH HEARING LOSS

PLAYING

CONTINUE

Hearing loss can make it hard to identify even everyday sounds. In this game you will match sounds with pictures of different sound sources. Sound easy? Play What's That Sound and find out!

www.dangerousdecibels.org

Evaluation of the Program

- We conducted baseline, post intervention and 3 month follow-up surveys to evaluate changes in:

- Knowledge
- Attitudes
- Intended behaviors

Around sound exposure and use of hearing health strategies

Establishing sustainability

With our help

- Communities repeated Dangerous Decibels in subsequent years
- Tribal members were trained
- Media was supported

Evidence of Sustainability

- Program continues to be taught
- Additional educators trained and certified
- Health fairs are staffed to promote hearing health
- Media outlets continue to present PSA's about hearing health
- Surveys show recall and behavior change

Be an Agent for Change

Sustainable change involves community:
school, organization, workplace, town, etc

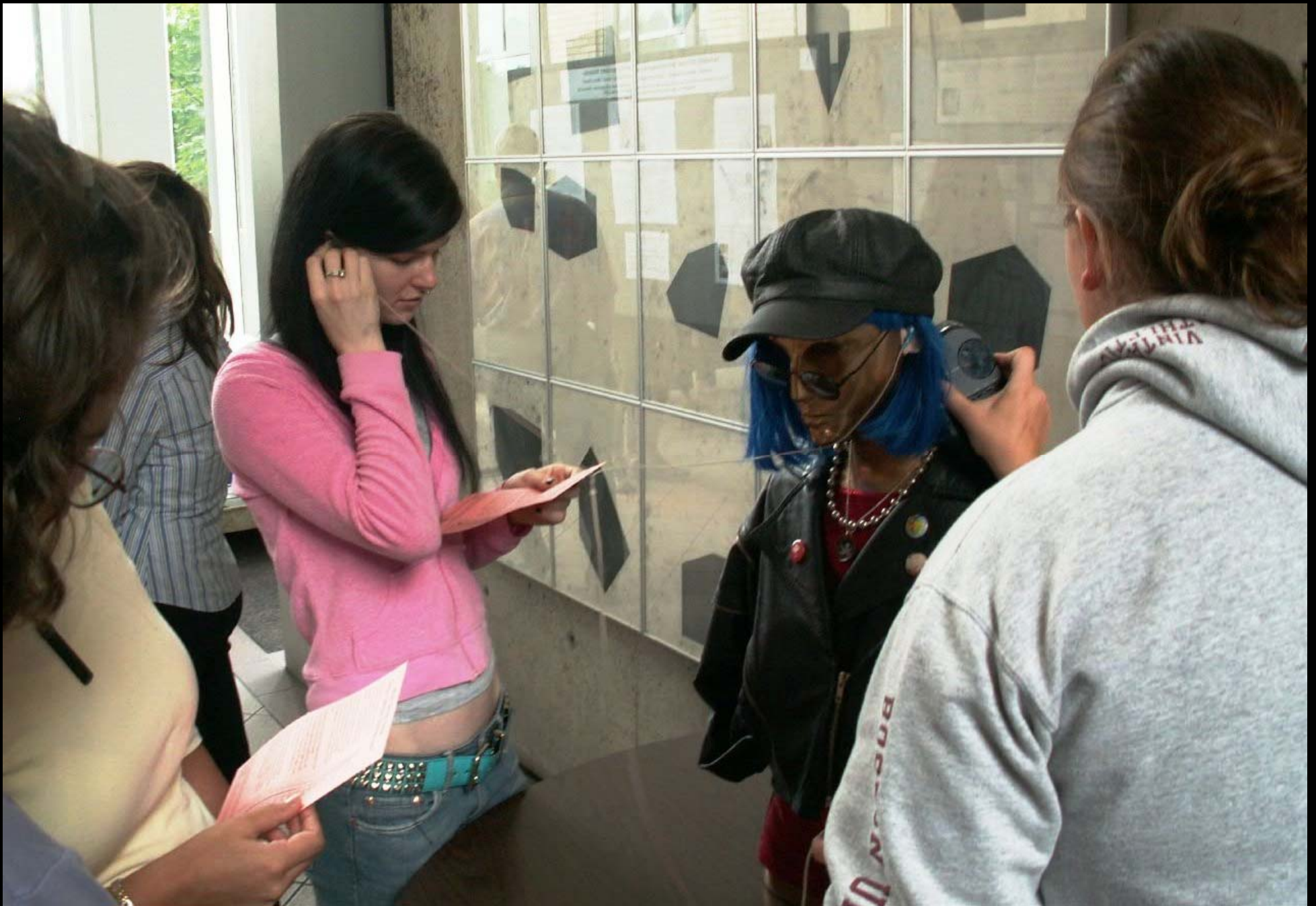
Think about using your new Dangerous Decibels
knowledge to be an agent for change in your

community

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Jolene at an OHSU Science Day

The Jolene Cookbook

Funded by a grant
from the National
Hearing Conservation
Association

www.dangerousdecibels.org/jolene.cfm





always hear you

Create Meaningful Connections
UNC

Jolene: What can you do with her?

- Outreach & education
- Research





Ellie Queue worked for the US military in Europe getting into aircraft, tanks, strikers, Bradley, other fighting vehicles, and also sitting around the firing ranges to measure noise encountered on the battlefield.

The Jolene Travel Guide



Jolene OHSU and Dangerous Decibels on



Jolene Ohsu

Update Info View Activity Log 1

Timeline About Friends 622 Photos More

Jolene, where did you go to college? 66% complete

University of Santo Tomas
Ayi Carreon and Ultima Angela

Status Photo / Video Life Event

What's on your mind?

Partnerships – The key to success

- Partnerships are necessary
- Important for sharing:
 - Knowledge
 - Skills
 - Resources
 - Fundraising opportunities

Partnerships – The key to success

- Partnerships are challenging
- Different:
 - Culture
 - Language
 - Work modalities
 - Approaches to problem solving
 - Institutional priorities

Partnerships – The key to success

- Partnerships WORK!!!



www.dangerousdecibels.org

THANK YOU!



